SHINOSE DID TERRIBLE DAMAGE IN THE CHEMCLPHO FIGHT.

Officers on the Variag Blown to Pieces When a Japanese Shell Struck the Bridge-Dr. Wada Tells of His Observations in Treating the Wounded.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.
LONDON, June 4.—There has been much debate on the question as to whether the projectiles which caused so many casualties among the crew of the Russian cruiser Variag off Chemulpho at the outbreak of the war were shrapnel or high explosive shells The Russians are divided in opinion. The French and Italian officers aboard the cruisers Pascal and Elba are of the opinion that little if any shrapnel was used. The British officers who were aboard the Talbot think that most of the havoc was due to

Dr. Wada. Staff Surgeon of the Japanese Navy, has given a correspondent the following details in regard to shimose, the secret explosive used by the Japanese. Dr. Wada had twenty-four of the worst cases after they had been aboard the Pascal for four days and where most of the fragments had already been extracted. He extracted some more fragments, all of which he said were "undoubtedly parts of high explosive

The doctor showed a parcel containing fragments extracted from one man. The largest piece was two inches long and half an inch wide at the greatest point. It was shaped like an arrow. The next two pieces were about the size of hazel nuts. The other fragments, numbering 120, ranged in size from a pin head to a full grown pea.

An examination of the largest piece showed that the outer walls of the shell were not more than three-eighths of an inch and that it was fired from nothing smaller than a 6-inch gun. The inference is that nothing but the best of steel can be used to stand the pressure on the bore of the gun. Nothing but a high explosive could smash a strong steel shell into such minute fragments.

Dr. Wada in operating on twelve sailors did not find a larger fragment than the one described. There were no indications of shrapnel. He described how on decks made slippery with blood he saw small bits of flesh and bone scattered everywhere. He stumbled over an arm here and a leg there. He saw men with their abdomens carried away and the flesh torn off their bodies. Nothing but a high explosive shell, he said, could have caused

The wounds caused by such a shell were no worse than those resulting from oldfashioned shells or shrapnel. If a man was lucky enough not to be killed he had a very good chance of getting off unhurt or with very slight wounds, but they were meant to kill. The doctor continued:

"Two sailors stood on the bridge with Capt. Rudineff, Count Nirod and a petty officer. One of the new shells struck the petty officer. The new shells are provided with fuses and take effect not only on contact with water, but with parts of the rigging, living men, even clothing-in fact wherever the resistance is sufficient to alter the speed ever so little. The shell referred to exploded and blew the petty officer to atoms. There was absolutely nothing found of him afterward. Count Nirod, who was standing next to him, was also blown to pieces only one arm being found afterward. The two sailors stood a little way off. The explosion tore all the flesh from the lower parts of their legs, which had to be amputated afterward. Capt. Rudineff was still a little further off and escaped with slight wounds in the head.

"In old shells the fragments are meant to kill or wound. The explosive is there merely to burst the shell and give additional impetus to the fragments. In the new shells the explosive itself is meant to kill vev the explosive to the desired spot."

Dr. Wada said he did not know the limits in which the new shell kills or wounds seriously. But the instance described above proves that it is not very large. Referring to the numerous cases of suppuration of wounds caused by pieces of clothing entering with the fragments of a shell, Dr. Wada suggested that the Government should make a new rule in the navy that whenever a fight is expected every man shall have his body well washed and his clothing dis-infected. He continued:

"Happily it is the rule of our men in the army and navy always to go into battle ir the newest and cleanest uniform. This is not for sanitary considerations, but it works the right way all the same."

CHILEAN WARSHIPS SOLD. The Esmeralda and Chacabuce May Go to Japan.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, June 4.-A despatch from Rome says that the Chilean warships Esmeralda and Chacabuco, for the purchase of which Charles R. Flint has been negotiating for some time on behalf of unknown principals, have been definitely sold. It is believed that, subsequently, they will sail fo dapan.

The Esmeralda is an armored cruiser of 7,020 tons. She was built in England in 1897. She carries two 8-inch guns, sixteen 6-inch guns, eight 12-pounders and six shall rapid-firers. Her top speed is said to be about 22 knots.

The Chacabuco is a protected cruiser of 4,500 tons and was launched in England last year. Her speed is estimated at 23 knots. She carries two 8-inch, ten 4.7-inch, sixteen 1.8-inch and fifteen smaller quick-

ROME COMPLAINS OF JAPAN. Thinks Catholic Missionaries in Corea Are Being Ill Treated.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUE. ROME, June 4.- The Vatican is anxious about the status of the Catholic missionaries in Corea. The Japanese suspect them of being Russian spies and several of them have been arrested and severely sentenced, notwithstanding, the Vatican says, that there was an entire lack of evidence against

Cardinal Merry del Val. the Papal Secretary of State, is conferring with the Pope as to the best way of protecting the mis-

RUSSIAN PROTEST TO CHINA. M. Lessar Charges That Japan Is Being Indirectly Assisted.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN Toxio, June 4.-It is reported that M. Lessar, the Russian Minister at Pekin, hea filed a protest against the frequent attacks by bandits on barracks and railways. He also declares that the fact that the supply of ammunition from the outside is not stopped indicates that China is indirectly essisting Japan.

Steamers Warned of Danger From Mines.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SCH. TIENTSIN, June 4.—Owing to the sus pocted presence of floating mines in the vicinity, steamers have been ordered to avoid the mine zene from the Shantung Bromonery to Hooki after dark.

MORE FIGHTING IN COREA. Attack on Gensan Expected Japanese

Report Some Victories. Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN Skott, June 4.-The Commissioner of ustoms at Gensan telegraphs that he believes a Russian attack upon the town is imminent. He is preparing to send the women and children to a monastery in the mountains. Field pieces are reported to have been landed by the Russians at Hamheung, sixty miles up the coast from Gensan, and Cossack reenforcements are ex-

pected there. Yesterday morning a force of Japanese scouts ambushed twenty Russian scouts twelve miles north of Gensan. The Russians retired, leaving six dead. The Jap-

anese had some casualties. Tokio, June 4.-Gen, Haraguchi, commanding in Corea, reports that a party of Japanese infantry, reconnoitring north of Gensan, fought twenty-two Cossacks at the valve controlling mechanism, Munchyon. They killed five of the Russians and drove the others northward.

Japanese cavalry discovered a force of Cossacks at Likiatung. Reenforcements of infantry were sent, and they and the cavalry attacked and defeated the Cossack force, which consisted of three squadrons. The Japanese cavalry pursued them.

Two more squadrons were discovered

subsequently and driven northward. The Japanese next encountered and repulsed five or six companies of infantry and a mounted battery at Lungwangmiao. The Russians retreated to Telissu, where they camped on the night of May 30. ST. PETERSBURG, June 4.-A despatch

has been received from Mukden, which says: "The successful operations of our forces in northeastern Corea are causing the greatest disquietude to the Japanese. CLOSING IN ON PORT ARTHUR.

Togo's Fleet Again Active There-Heavy Firme on Friday. CHICAGO, June 4.- The Daily News corre-

spondent at Chefoo to-day sends the following despatch:
"Leaving this port on Wednesday, the despatch boat Fawan steamed to within safe distance of Port Arthur, but unfortunately ran into a fog, which lasted all night. As it was impossible to proceed, the despatch boat ran in among the Miaotao

Islands, where it anchored. "On Thursday night Port Arthur was on the alert. Searchlights projected their broad shafts across the mouth of the inner harbor and scanned the waters in every direction. Occasional shots were heard, and it became manifest that the Japanese boats were making a reconnoissance of some kind, if not making another attempt to close up the harbor entrance completely.

"Heavy firing was heard at Port Arthur on Friday morning at 11 o'clock. The Fawan ran out and lay off the fortress until afternoon, but neither saw nor heard any further signs of activity. At 9 o'clock in the evening heavy explosion of a mine was heard, but owing to the blockade maintained by the Japanese, the frequent fogs, the floating mines and the torpedo boats of both belligerents, it was decided that it would not be expedient to approach the fortress too closely. It is, therefore, impossible to give an accurate account of what is taking place. The Japanese, however, are undoubtedly closing rapidly in on the fortress and its fall cannot be very far off.

"The Fawan is returning to Port Arthur to-day, where it will probably remain until the final attack."

Dutch Kill Achinese Rebels.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

THE HAGUE, June 4.—The Dutch troops have captured a native fortress in Sumatra. They lost one officer killed and two officers and thirty men wounded. The natives lost 176 killed.

Tibetan General Killed in Battle.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. SIMIA, June 4.-According to official dvices from Tibet, the General in command at Lhassa, the capital, is believed to

Scholarship for a Chinaman Among those to receive scholarships from the Teachers' College for the coming academic year is a Chinaman, Sam Sung Young of San Francisco. He is the third to receive a scholarship at Columbia this

DR. ROBERT P. KEEP DEAD. Head of the Celebrated Porter School at Farmington, Conn., Passes Away.

FARMINGTON, Conn., June 4.- The long fight for possession of the celebrated Porter School for Girls at Farmington has been ended by the death of Dr. Robert Porter Keep, who held the school and re-fused to give it up. Last month he refused an offer of \$150,000 made by a syndicate of alumnæ led by Ruth Hanna McCormick, who formerly attended school here. Dr. Keep died last night of pneumonia. He was the heir to and head of the school so long maintained by his aunt, Miss Sarah Porter.

Porter.

Dr. Keep was born in April, 1844. He graduated at the Hartford High School and went to Yale, where he was graduated in 1865, taking his degree of Ph.D. there in 1869. He was a tutor in the academic department for a while, and then went abroad, where he studied for some years. He was United States Consul at Athens trom 1869 to 1871.

He was United States Consul at Athens irom 1869 to 1871.

Dr. Keep was the private tutor of Montgomery Sears, now one of the rich men of Boston, and while abroad he became the friend of many well known scholars. He was by nature and inheritance a scholarly man, and was the author of several works, including a Homeric dictionary and a text book on the "Iliad."

In 1876 Dr. Keep went to Williston Seminary as its principal, Afterward he became head of the Norwich Free Academy, and occupied that place until recently, when he came to Farmington and took charge of the school.

charge of the school.

Obituary Notes.

Dr. Matthew Leepere died yesterday of dropsy at the home of George Eastment in Glen Cove, L. I. He returned recently from the Philippine Islands. He was born in Arkansas in 1854. At the age of 18 he became Indian interpretor for the United States Government and three years later was made a commissioned officer of the Fourth United States Cavalry. For ten years he saw active service in the West and on several occasions received honorable mention for bravery in battles with the Indians. At the expiration of the ten years he seitred from the army and took up the study of medicine. He subsequentlys received diplomas from three medical colleges. He made a specialty of throat and ear diseases! He went to Chicago in 1852 and remained there until the Spanish War broke out, when he enlisted as a volunteer surgeon. He remained in the army until the close of the war in the Philippines. For the last year and a half he had been president of the Beard of Health of the island of Mindoro. He was enthusiastic over the Philippines and believed there were great possibilities for the islands. He was taken sick on Jan. I, and as his condition did not improve he decided to return home. Dr. Leepere married Miss Mary Elgie Norton in Holland. N. Y., in 1800. She survives him.

Abraham Gould Jennings, the pioneer Arkansas in 1854. At the age of 18 he became

N. Y., in 1890. She survives him.

Abraham Gould Jennings, the pioneer lace manufacturer, died-on Friday at his home, 313 Clinton avenue, Brooklyn, in his eighty-third year. He established the lace factory in Park avenue and Hall street over thirty years ago. He was a director in the Silk Association of America from the time of its organization. He was a member of the Metropolitan Museum of Art and of the Drug Trade Club.

Drug Trade Club.

Col. Kenneth M. Murchison of Wilmington, N. C., who made his fortune in New York at the head of the firm of Murchison & Co., died suddenly on Friday night at the home of his son-in-law, Shirley, Carter, in Reltimore. He was 75 years old and was born in Cumberland county, N. C.

The Otis Elevator Co.

announces that one of its subsidiary companies

The Plunger Elevator Co., Of Worcester, Mass.,

s the pioneer builder of Plunger Elevators in this country and that during the past twenty years this company has developed and patented automatic stopping devices and other essential features which make this type of elevator practicable and de-

sirable for certain conditions of service. Prominent installations include the Ansonia Apartment House, Saks & Company's store, the Victoria Hotel, New York; Ten Eyck Hotel, Albany; Empire Building, Atlanta, Ga.; Board of Trade Building, Jewelers' Bldg, Oliver Bldg, Boston; Belvedere Hotel, Baltimore; Aspin-

wall Hotel, Lenox, Mass. NEW YORK OFFICE, 17 Battery Place.

EUROPE NOW PICKS JAPAN. Continued from First Page.

to Kiel. It assumes that Emperor William will make a shrewd attempt to stir up mischief for England, as in the last interview of the two sovereigns, which the Venezuela imbroglio and the Bagdad railway complication followed.

The Spectator's apprehensions scarcely give fair recognition to King Edward's diplomatio abilities, to which is chiefly due the Anglo-French entente. It ascribes to Emperor William Machiavellian powers of mischief and warns the King in detail of the suggestions which Emperor William will probably make solely in the interests of peace. It confidently expects that the Kaiser will act on the maxim, "When in doubt or difficulty, pull England's leg; she is too stupid to understand what we are doing, but if we can drag her into a morass we may be able to get out ourselves, and at the worst, we will be able to point to the fact that if we are in difficulties so is she."

There is considerable truth in the blunt admission of a leading Berlin journal this week that Germany's isolation is now complete. She has only two friends left in the world, the Sultan and the Pope

DROVE JAPANESE BACK. Gen. Sakharoff Reports a Victory in Fengchuniing Pass.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. St. Petersburg, June 4.—Gen. Sakharoff telegraphs from Liaoyang to the Czar that on May 31 a body of dismounted trans-Baikal cossacks, under heavy volleys drove the Japanese from the heights of the Fenchuling Pass, near Saimadsvia. Gen. Sakharoff states that the Russians had six men killed and a Colonel, a doctor

and twenty-two men wounded. MISUSE OF THE WHITE FLAG. Russians Accused of Treachery at the

when the Russians opened fiercely from their quick-firing guns.

ADMIRAL LOST THE BOGATYR. insisted on a Sortie in a Fog and Captain Declined to Obey.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN PARIS, June 4 .- The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Matin gives the details of the loss of the Russian cruises Bogatyr at Vladivostok. He says that Admiral Jessen, the naval commander at the port, ordered a sortie.

Capt. Stehmman, commander of the Bogatyr, objected on the ground that it would be dangerous to navigate the ship in the prevailing thick fog. The Admiral repeated the order, declaring that if necessary he would take out the Bogatyr himself. Capt. Stehmman retorted that his conscience forbade him to risk his ship in the prevailing conditions. He said he would rather abandon the command. Admiral Jessen thereupon took command

of the Bogatyr. Shortly afterward she struck a rock. Admiral Jessen will be court-martialled.

KILLED, SAYING GOOD-BY. Child Falls From Window-Mother Faints Across the SIII.

Two-year-old Clarissa Conway leaned out of the front window of her mother's flat on the fifth floor of 565 East 146th street vesterday aftern con to wave good-by to her aunt, Annie McCabe.

The aunt had just stepped out of the house and dlocked up in response to Clarissa's shouts. Before she realized the little one's

shouls. Before she realized the little one's danger the baby fell into the areaway at her feet. While Miss McCabe stood horrorstricken Mrs. Conway appeared at the window. She looked as if she were about to throw herself after her baby. Folks in the street shouted to her, and she feil fainting across the sill. Miss McCabe and reighbors reached the room in time to save neighbors reached the room in time to save

The child was killed instantly.

Merchandising is Speculative

We therefore prepare for a large polume of business by carrying a generous and complete stock. Fully five thousand patterns to select from, and they are marked as moderately as high class trimming and workmanship will permit.

Burnham & Phillips Custom Cailoring Unly. 119 4 121 Massau St.

PERSONALS.

MORPHINE, OPIUM, LAUDANUM, COGAINE habit; myself cured; will laform you of harmless, permanent, home cure. Mrs. BALDWIN box 1212 Chicago.

LADIES-When in need send for free trial of our nevertailing remedy; relief sure and quick. PARIS CHEMICAL CO., Milwaukee, Wis. TAKE NOTICE—My wife having left my bed and board without cause, I will not be responsible for her debts. WILLIAM M. DAVIDGE.

RENA TARO WILL NOT TELL.

JAP WOMAN DENIES SUICIDE, BUT ACCUSES NO ONE.

Pierced Lung Sergeant Chandler Paroled After Magistrate Asked if Police Were Working to Protect Him

There is little chance of Rena Taro, the half breed Japanese woman, recovering from the bullet wound she received on Friday morning in the apartments she and Detective Sergeant Alexander Chandler occupied at 318 West Fifty-first street. The woman is in Roosevelt Hospital, and last night her condition was critical. The bullet from Chandler's police revolver penetrated her left lung. She seems to realize that she is going to die; but she persistently refuses to tell anything about

the shooting.
Coroner Goldenkranz had a twentyminute talk with the woman yesterday forenoon, but he couldn't get her to make any accusation against any one. Inspector Walsh came nearer to getting a statement from her. To Walsh she declared she had not shot herself.

Chandler has not deviated from the story he first told. He has declared from the start that the Jap woman was nothing to him except his housekeeper and that he was in the bathroom when she shot herself in her bedroom. The attempt made by Coroner Golden-

kranz yesterday to get something out of the woman was the second effort he made since the shooting. The day of the shooting he spent half an hour at her bedside in the hospital, but he could hardly get her to answer him. She told nothing then that

answer him. She told nothing then that would incriminate any one.
Yesterday she was just as reticent. The Coroner told her she might die, and that if she had anything to tell now was the time to say it.

"It makes no difference. I'm going to die," said the woman, repeatedly.
When the shooting occurred, the woman was only half dressed. The clothes she wore are in the possession of the Coroner and he will look for powder marks on them to morrow. Coroner Goldenkranz says that the wound in the woman's left side is such that she could have inflicted it herself.

The Taro woman is stockily built and

that she could have inflicted it herself.

The Taro woman is stockily built and well shaped. She has a pretty wide acquaintance among a certain class of women in the West Forty-seventh street precinct, in which she and Chandler lived.

Chandler has been nine years a policeman. He is one of the youngest detective sergeants in the department. He is popular with his associates and this is the first serious scrape he ever got into.

with his associates and this is the first serious scrape he ever got into.

The larceny charge against Rena Tora was dismissed by Magistrate Pool in the West Side court, yesterday, a few minutes before Chandler was arraigned on a charge of felonious assault in connection with the mysterious shooting of the woman.

Detective John W. England of the West Forty-seventh street station, who took Chandler in custody, made the affidavit against him, but made no statement to the court. Inspector Richard Walsh, who was present with Capt. Cottrell of the West Thirtieth street station, and Capt. Hayes

of the West Forty-seventh street station did the talking. "I caused the officer's arrest," he said to the court, "because the woman denied that she had shot herself as at first she had

Thirtieth street station, and Capt. Hayes

"This was a statement made at the hospital. She did not say that Sergt. Chandler had shot her. He was arrested because he was the only other person in the apartment at the time, so far as we know."

Otto Rosalsky, counsel for Chandler, interposed a request for the prisoner's release in the custody of Capt. Cottrell.

"We don't do that unless the captain requests it," said the Magistrate. "What are you trying to do? Shield this man?"

"Certainly not, your Honor." replied Inspector Walsh, in most emphatic tones.

"Well," said the Court. "I will parole him. In the meantime, where is the woman?"

The Magistrate was told that she was in Rossevelt Hospital. a prisoner charged with attempting suicide.

"There is no such evidence before me," "This was a statement made at the hos

Battle of Nanshan Hill.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

TOKIO, June 4.—A participant reports that during the fighting at Nanshan Hill the Russians displayed a white flag. The Japanese ceased firing and approached

"Take him away: he can't tell me that. The woman is the only one who can tell me that. She will have to come here and say so, if she is ever able to say anything. I'll set this hearing for Friday, June 10, so that the woman may be here unless she dies.

Offer to Reimburse the New Haven Bank for Teller Smith's Defalcation.

NEW HAVEN, June 4.-It was asserted to-night that Frederick Smith, a railway magnate of Honolulu, Hawaii, brother of the \$70,000 defaulting bank teller, Douglas M. Smith of the Tradesmen's Rank, had offered to reimburse the bank officers for their loss over and above the \$15,000 guaranteed them by the Ætna Indemnity Company, which was on Smith's bond.

Distinguished

Rev. A. McLeod, D. D., the Great

Preacher, Was Cured of Dyspepsia

and Nervous Prostration of Forty

Years' Standing by the Wonderful

Medicine Whose Virtues He Extols,

and to the Curative Qualities of

Which He Owes His Renewed Vigor

Honored and Respected Among Men,

After More Than 50 Years of Con-

stant Service in the Presbyterian

Church, Dr. McLeod Makes the

Following Frank and Outspoken

Statement of What Duffy's Pure

and Perfect Health.

And Prominent Temperance Workers Use and Endorse

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey.

Malt Whiskey Has Done for Rev. A. McLeod; D. D., of the Detroit

"I am now in my 73d year and have served God fearlessly and to the best of my abil-

ity in my chosen calling. For more than forty years I have been afflicted with dyspepsia and nervous prostration. At times I would get so run down constitutionally through overwork as to be disqualified entirely from discharging my ministerial duties. The older I grew the more the disease seemed to prey upon me. The most noted physicians failed

I grew the more the disease seemed to prey upon me. The most noted physicians failed to prescribe any medicines that benefited me. I could neither eat nor sleep, and for more than two years I had to take sleeping powders every night.

My nervous prostration became well nigh unbearable. But for the grace of God

helping me, I would not be in the land of the living. Language fails to express the agony of my mind.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey.

In the brief period of two days I found that it began to help me. It gave me strength,

aided my digestion, settled my nerves and I have gained ten pounds since taking it.

I thank God there is such a medicine to be had, and recommend all people with weak, broken down constitutions, and nervous people especially to use it. I feel that it will help them. I will be glad to answer any communications in regard to the healing virtue of your preparation. I am a temperance man, and I do not think my position in this matter will be misunderstood.*

(REV.) A Mol. EOD. D. Greenland Mich. Let. 22.

will be misunderstood."

(REV.) A. McLEOD, D. D. Greenleaf, Mich., Jan. 22, 1904.

Rev. Dr. McLeod's endorsement is but the outpouring of a grateful soul. The letter of a man who has been relieved of great suffering and who openly acknowledges the great medicinal value of Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey. Ministers of the Gospel, doctors of medicine, nurses and people in every walk of life units in commending this wonderful medicine—the only perfect tonic-stimulant, the one, true medicinal whiskey. Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey cures coughs, colds, worst form of grip, consumption, bronchitis, pneumonia, catarrh, dy-pepsia, and all kinds of stomach trouble. It never fails to build up a worn-out-system, to noothe the tired nerves, to bring perfect health to the whole being. Every testimonial is published in good faith and guaranteed.

Sold by druggists and grocers or direct, \$1.00 per bottle. Medical booklet free. Duffy Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, N. Y.

Prevented

Assisted by CUTICURA Ointment, the great Skin Cure, and purest and sweetest of Emollients.

For sunburn, heat-rash, tan, freckles, pimples, blotches, blackheads, red, rough, and oily skin, bites and stings of insects; for cleansing the hair and scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff; for baby rashes, itchings, and chafings; for many sanative, antiseptic purposes that appeal to mothers, as well as for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery, CUTICURA Soap, assisted by CUTICURA Ointment, the great Skin Cure, are priceless.

N. B. Complete External and Internal treatment for every Humor, from Pimples to Scrofula, from Infancy to Age, consisting of CUTICURA Soap, Ointment, and Pills, price, the set, One Dollar, may now be had of all druggists.

Sold throughout the world. Cuticura Soap. 25c., Olntment, 50c. Resolvent, 50c. (In form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c.; per vial of 60). Depots: London, 27 Charterhouse Sq.: Paris, 6 Rue de la Pais; Boston, 137 Columbus Ave. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp. Sole Proprietors.

127 Send for "How to Preserve, Purify and Beautify the Skin, Scalp, Hair and Hands."

JAMES M. SEIBERT INDICTED. Charge Against St. Louis Excise Commissioner Surprises Politicians.

St. Louis, June 4 .- James Monroe Seibert, Excise Commissioner of St. Louis, and for nearly thirty years a prominent older in the State, is named indictment returned to-day by the April Grand Jury

The charge against him is conspiracy to hinder and prevent the due administration of laws relating to the control of dram-

The news of the indictment of Mr. Seibert created a sensation on account of his political prominence, and was eagerly discussed by politicians. The charge grows out of the printed list of rules governing saloons, which he recently drafted and handed to Chief of Police Kiely, with the request that he instruct his officers to see that they be strictly enforced.

Soon after the indictment was returned Seibert appeared in court and gave bond Seibert appeared in court and gave bond for \$500.

B. Altman & Co.

NINETEENTH STREET AND SIXTH AVENUE, NEW YORK

On TUESDAY, June 7th, an offering will be made of

WOMEN'S SUMMER DRESSES,

comprising those of Muslin and other sheer fabrics, at much less than usual prices, as follows:

Shirt Waist Dresses of India Lawn, White and Colored, embroidery and lace trimmed, \$5,75 and 6.75 White, 7.50

Dresses of White Persian Lawn, with trimmings of lace and embroidery,

Dresses of French Mull, posspadour designs, lace

Dresses of White Lines, hand embroidered Dresses of White Brussels Net, lace trimmed

Separate Walking Skirts of foreign Cotton mixtures, 3.75

DECORATIVE AND HOUSEHOLD LINENS, ETC.

Decorative Linens, including Doylies, Centre Pieces and Scarfs, trimmed with Renaissance and Cluny lace. Scalloped and Embroidered Irish Linen Pieces, etc.

Hemstitched Linen Sheets and Pillow Cases; Hemstitched and Embroidered Linen Bedspreads, etc.; Hemmed, Hemditched and Scalloped Towels, in huck and fancy weaves! Huck, Glass and Crash Toweling.

Summer-weight Blankets; Wool-filled Comfortables, in Silk. Satin and Silkoline Coverings (in light effects); Satin Finish Bedspreads, etc.

For the present season, the following Table and Household Linens are introduced at desirable prices: Damask Linen Table Cloths, \$2.20, 2.75, 3.30; Dinner Napkins to match, \$2.75 per dozen; Hemstitched Linen Pillow Cases, \$1.25 and \$1.50 per pair.

LEATHER ARTICLES AND OTHER REQUISITES FOR TRAVELLERS, TOURISTS, ETC.

Assortment of articles, useful and convenient during vacation outings, or more extensive travel, a partial list of which includes:

Luncheon Cases of Wicker or Leather, for Automobiling and Touring use, fitted for Tea or Cold Lunch, with accommodations for two, four or six persons. Suit Cases and Bags, plain or with toilet articles; Carry-Alls, Kit Bags, Dressing Cases, Men's Hat Boxes, Bottle and Medicine Cases, Chatelaine and Wrist Bags, Belts, etc.

Military and Hair Brushes, Cloth and Bath Brushes, Mandruka Bath and Cup Sponges, French Atomizers, Hand and Standing Mirrors, Extracts, Toilet Waters, Colognos, Manicure Sets, etc.

Steamer Rugs and Cushions; Shawle, Wraps and Motor Hoods, also Carriage Robes.

2 Altman & Ca. announce that during the months of June, July, August and September, the hours for closing their establishment will be 12 noon on Saturdays, and 5 P. M. on other business days.

Nineteenth Street und Sixth Acenne, Meun